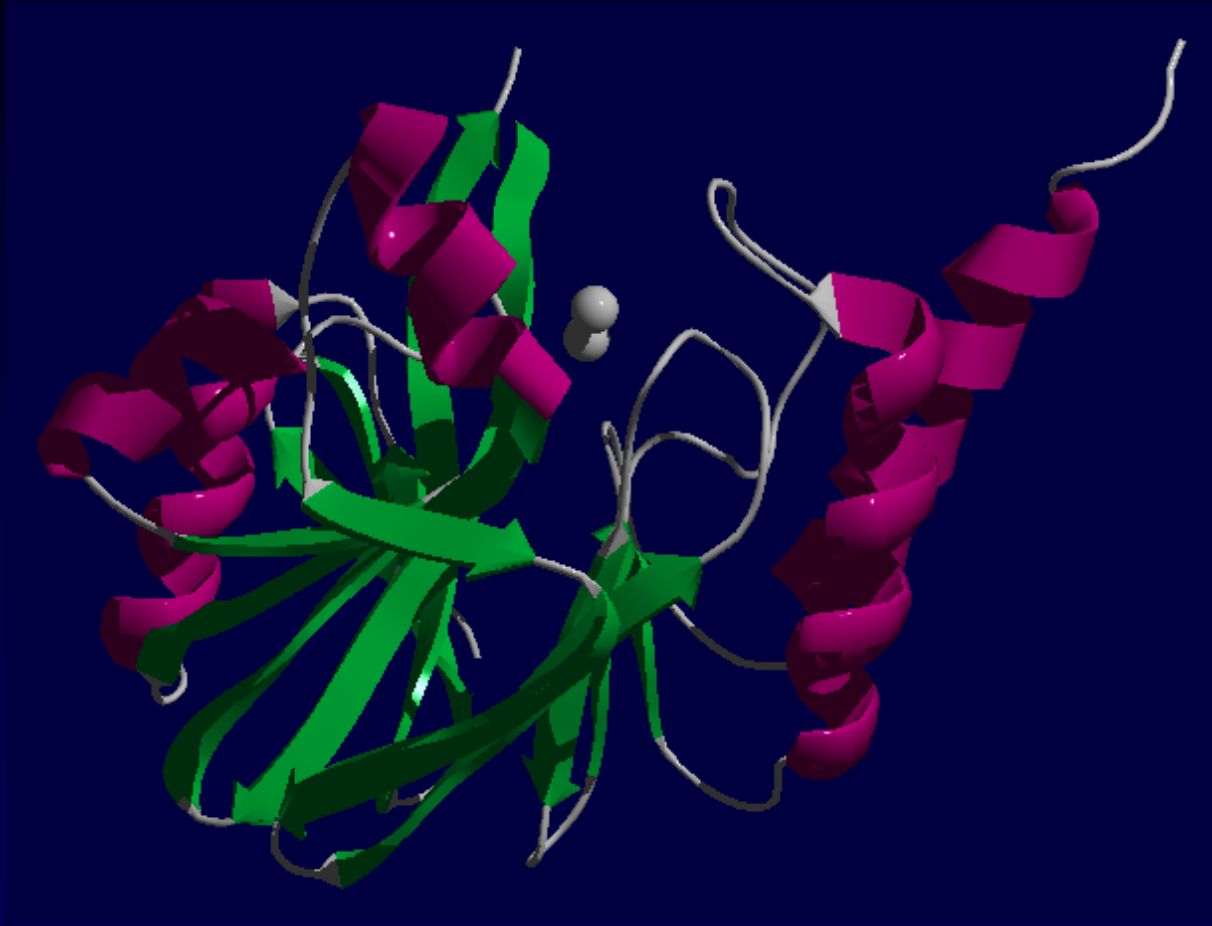


Functional diversity and metal selectivity of proteins sharing the metallo β -lactamase fold



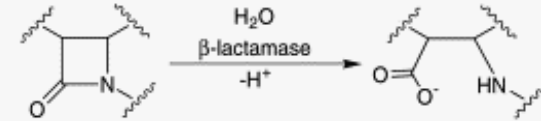
Oliver Schilling

Metallo-β-Lactamase Fold

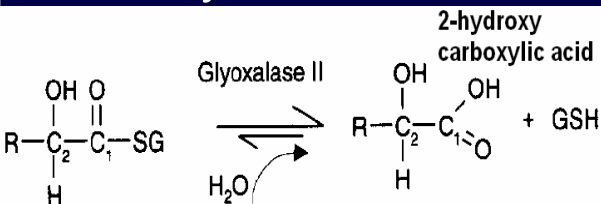
ElaC

- all 3 domains of life
- highly conserved
- uncharacterized (year 2000)

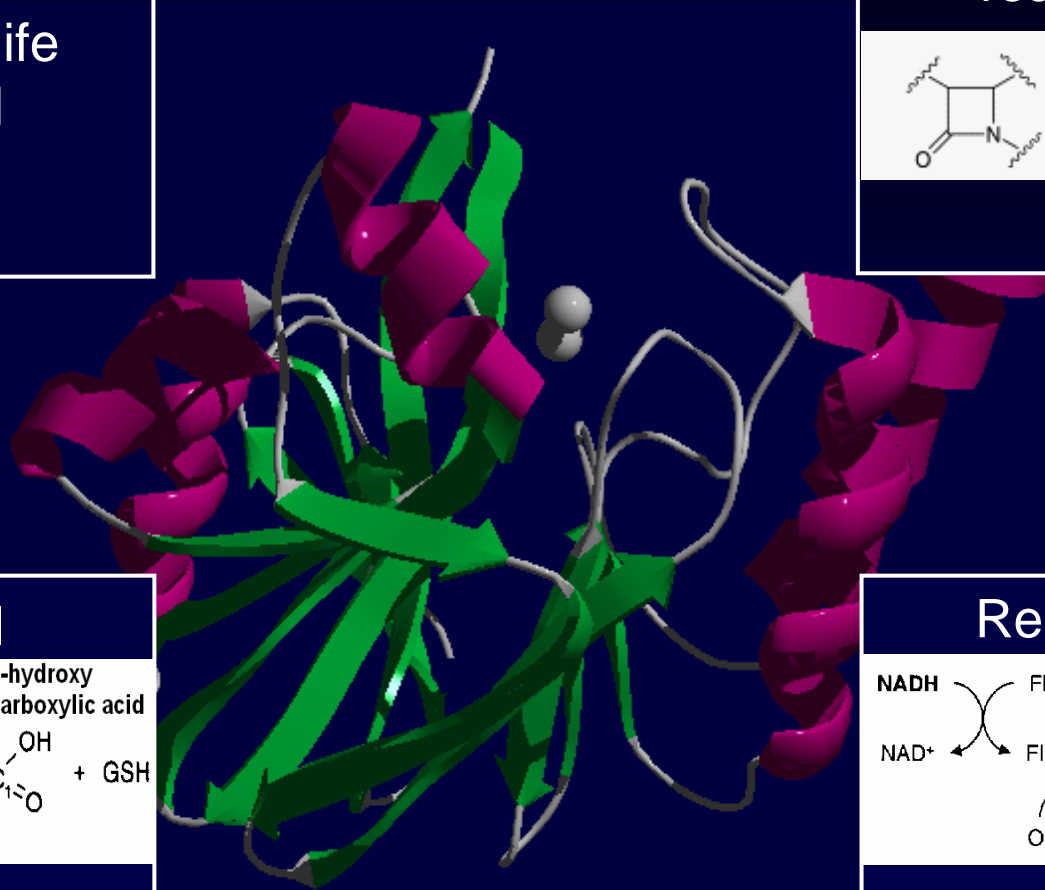
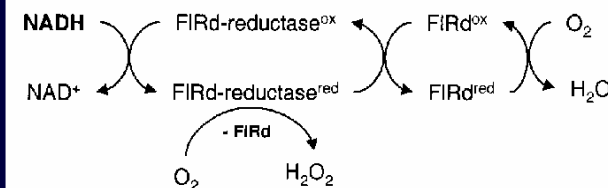
“real” lactamases



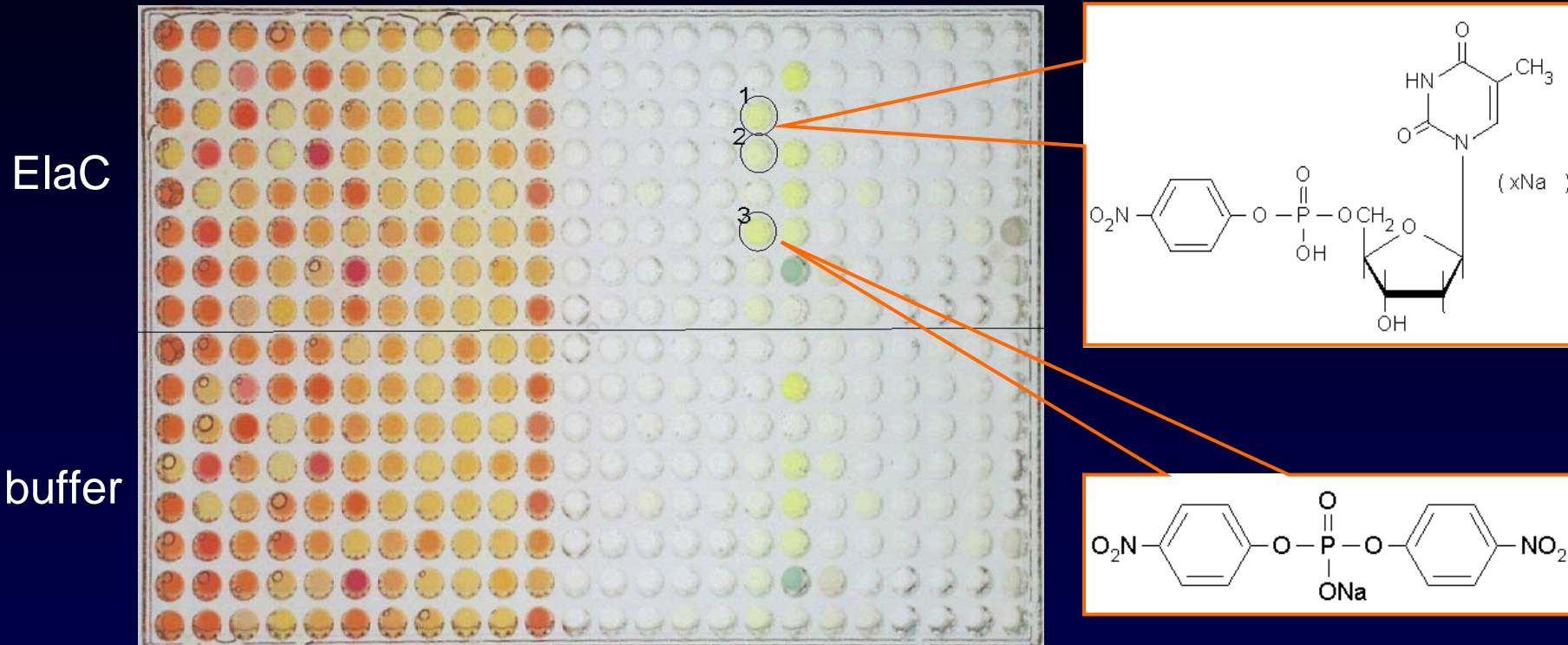
Glyoxalase II



Redox enzymes

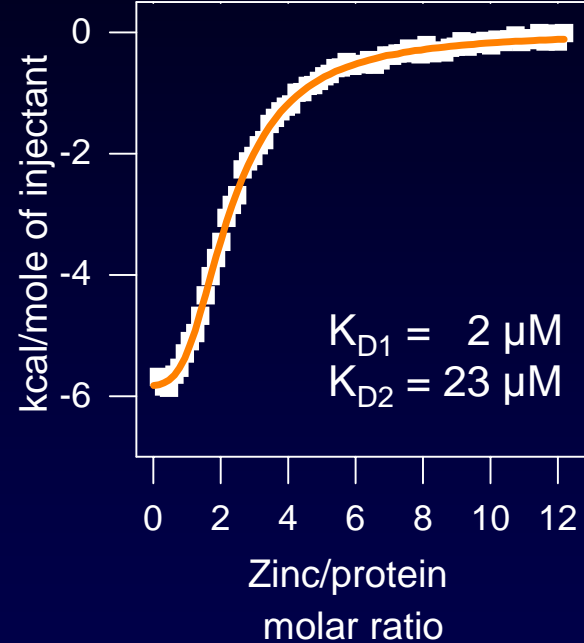
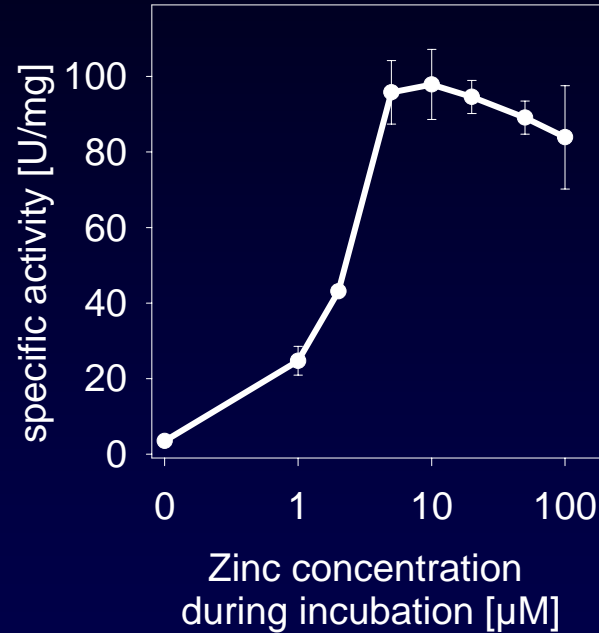
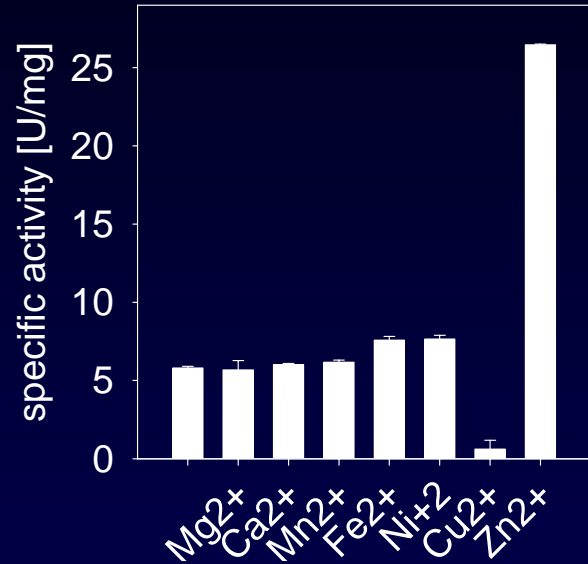


ElaC is a Phosphodiesterase



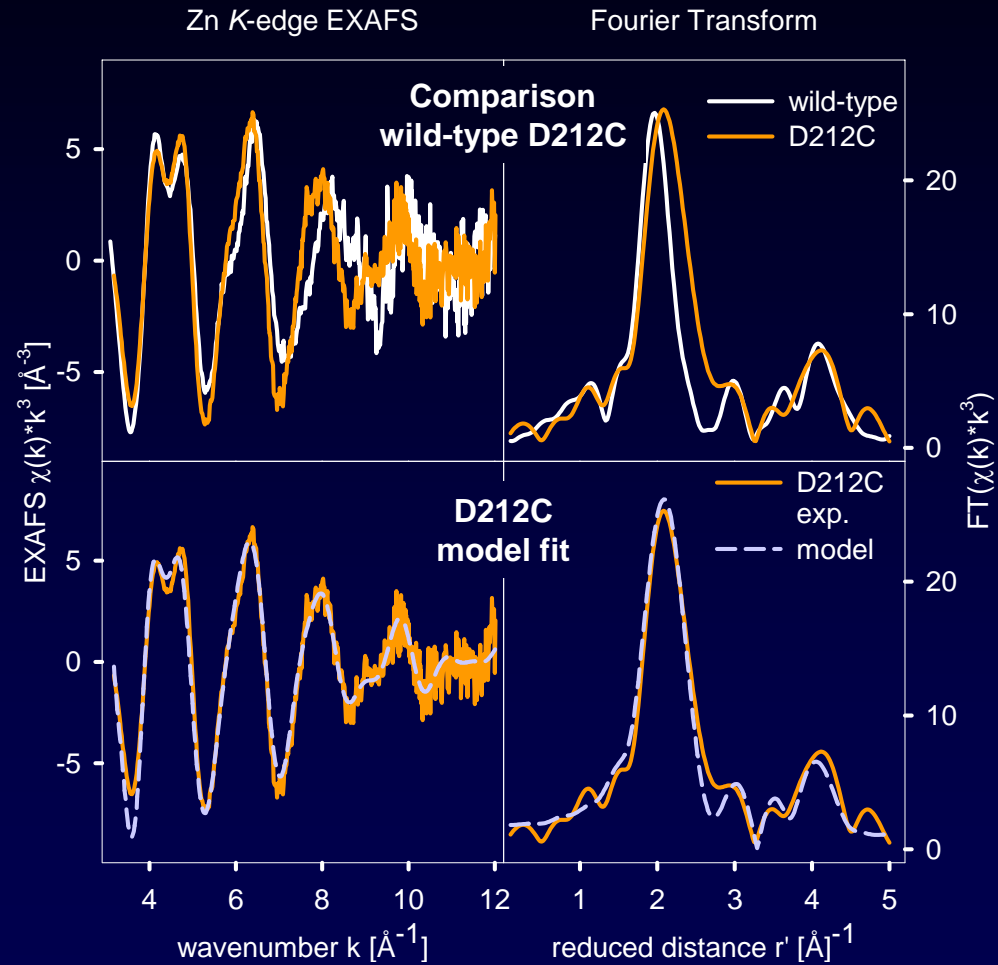
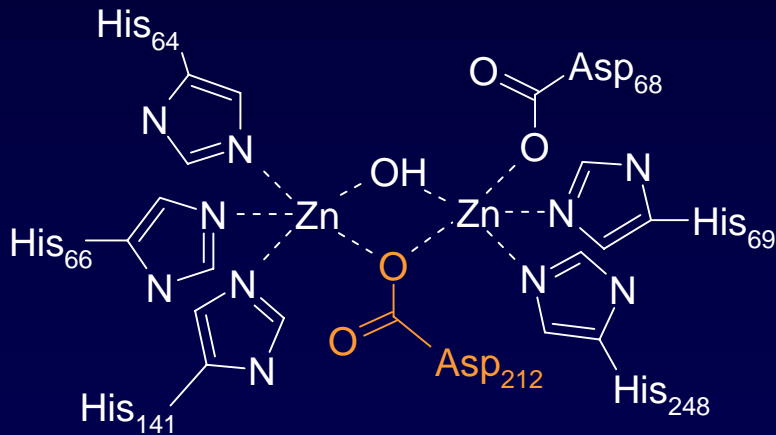
1 and 2: thymidine-5'-*p*-nitrophenylphosphate sodium and ammonium salt, respectively
3: bis (*p*-nitrophenyl)phosphate

ElaC: Zinc Dependent Phosphodiesterase

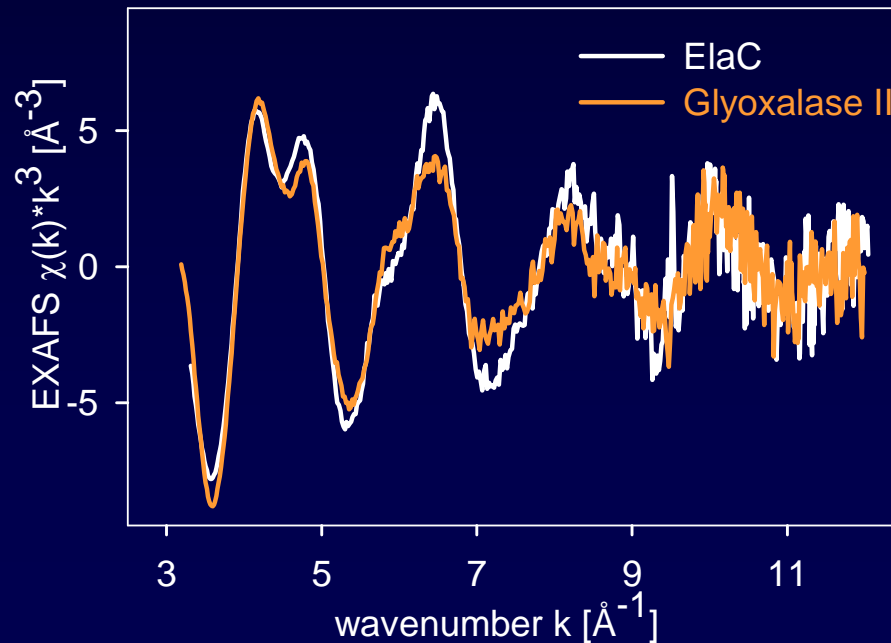
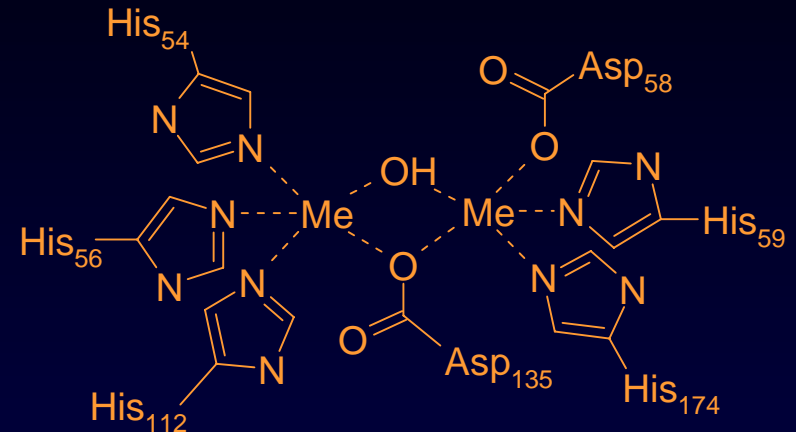
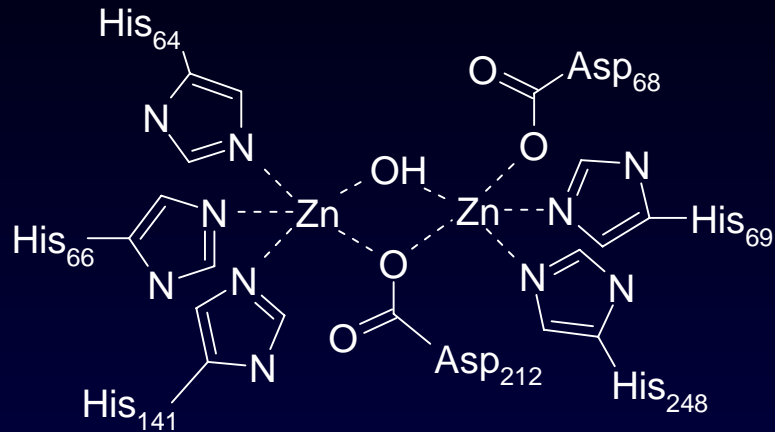


ElaC active site

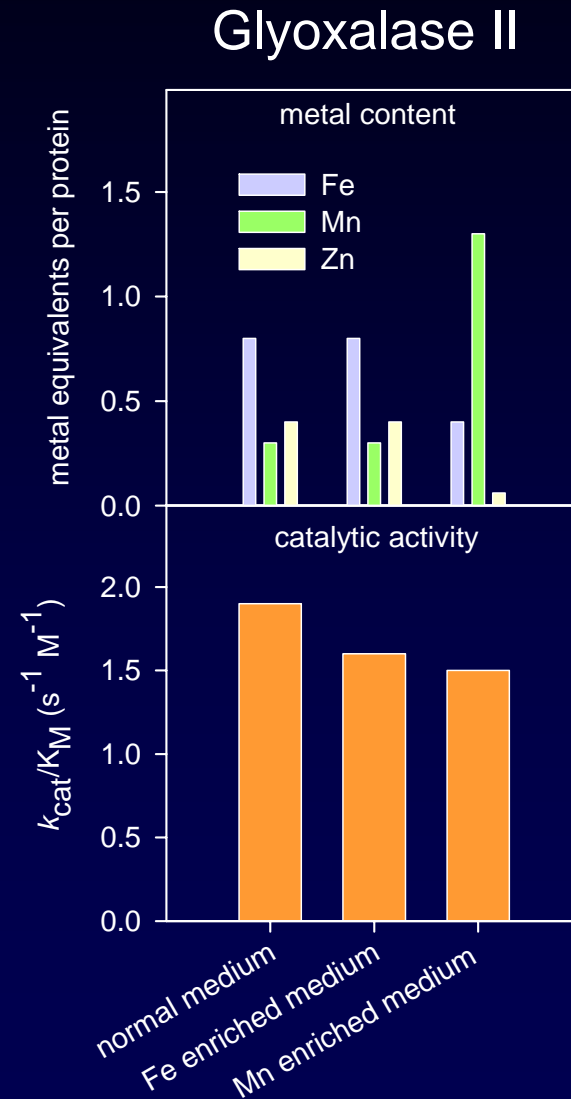
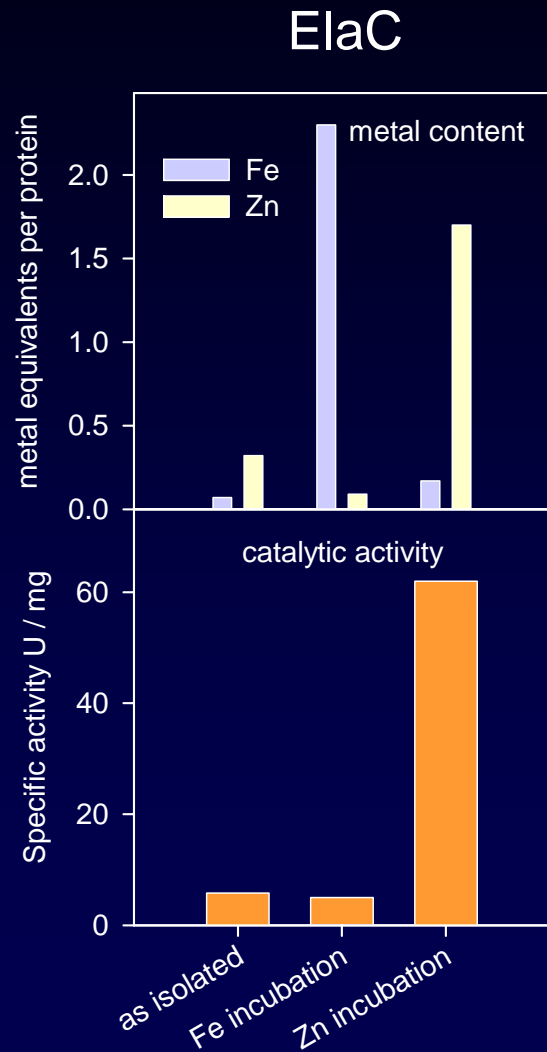
Sequence analysis
Site specific mutagenesis
Enzyme kinetics
X-ray absorption spectroscopy



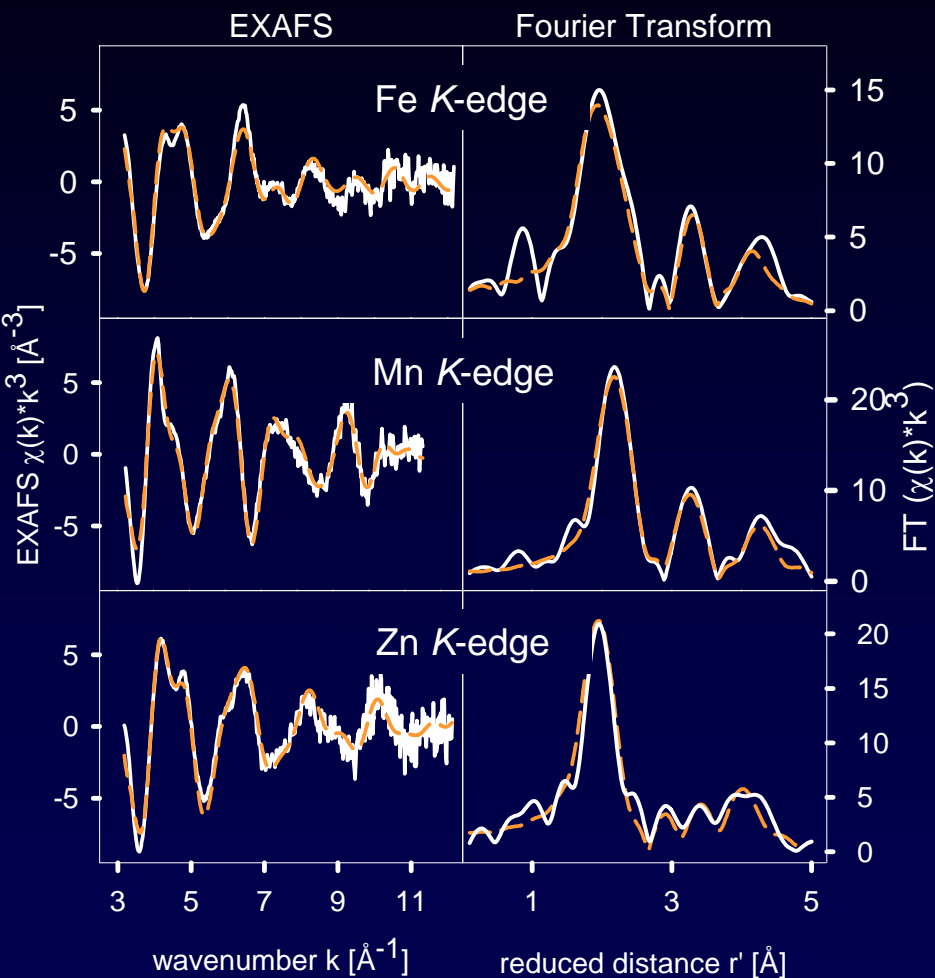
ElaC and Glyoxalase II: similar metal binding sites



..., but different metal requirements



Glyoxalase II has a flexible active site



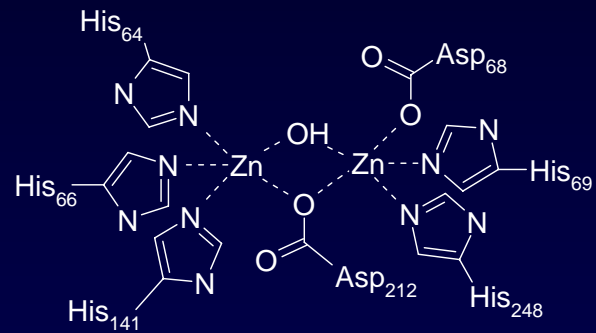
Metal	Ligand	First shell distance (Å)	
		characteristic	glyoxalase II model
Fe(III)	oxygen (carboxylate)	2.01 (5)	1.96 (1)
	oxygen (water)	2.06 (6)	
	nitrogen (imidazole)	2.08 – 2.22	2.14 (1)
Mn(II)	oxygen (carboxylate)	2.15 (7)	2.11 (1)
	oxygen (water)	2.19 (4)	
	nitrogen (imidazole)	2.19 (8)	2.26 (1)
Zn(II)	oxygen (carboxylate)	2.00 (7)	1.98 (3)
	oxygen (water)	2.06 (9)	
	nitrogen (imidazole)	2.00 (2)	2.00 (2)

numbers in parentheses indicate error of last digit
 Harding, M. M. (1999) Acta Cryst. D 55, 1432-1443.
 Harding, M. M. (2001) Acta Cryst. D 57, 401-411.

Active sites with different metal requirements

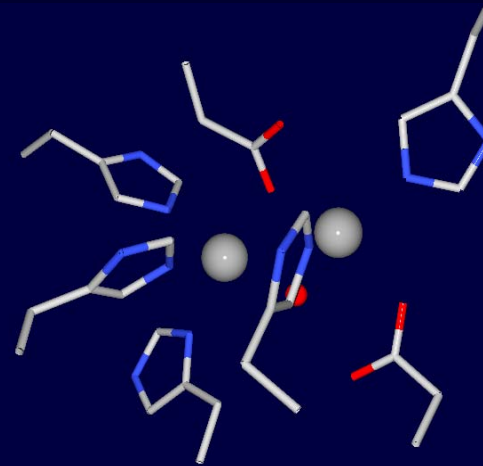
ElaC

Zn



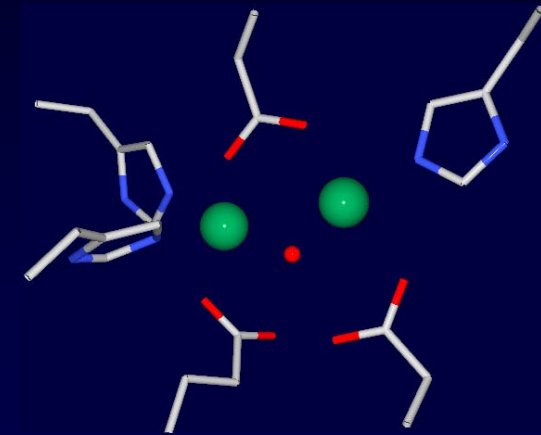
Glyoxalase II

Fe, Mn, Zn



Redox enzymes

Fe



FOR THE RECORD

Functional control of the binuclear metal site in the metallo- β -lactamase-like fold by subtle amino acid replacements

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¹Instituto de Tecnologia Química e

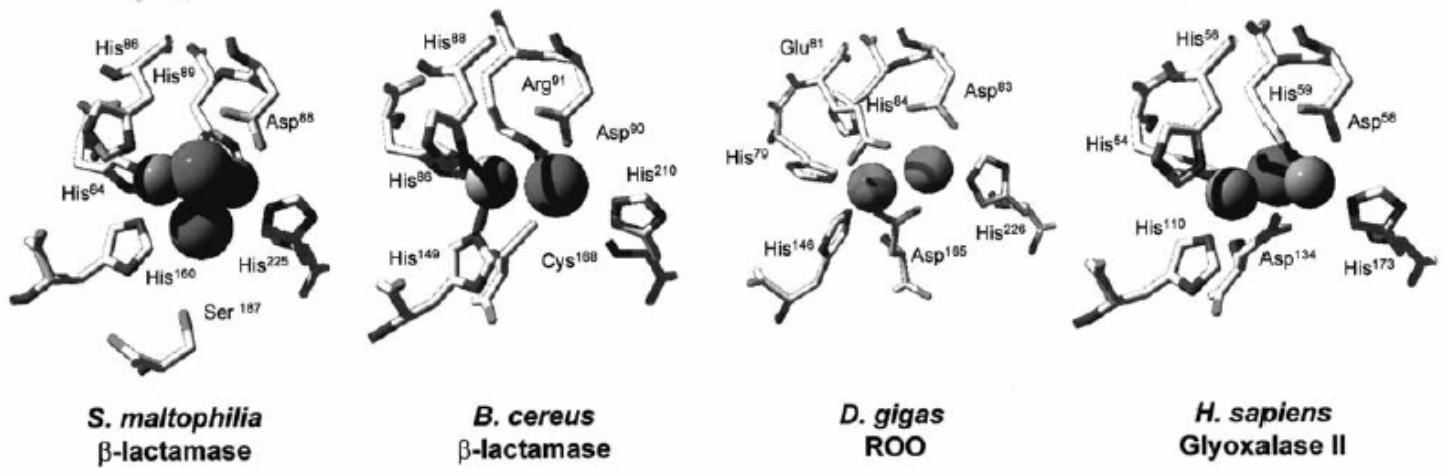
156 Oeiras, Portugal

²Departamento de Química, Faculd

114 Caparica, Portugal

³Department of Biochemistry and M

(RECEIVED August 2, 2001; FINAL R



Zn

Zn

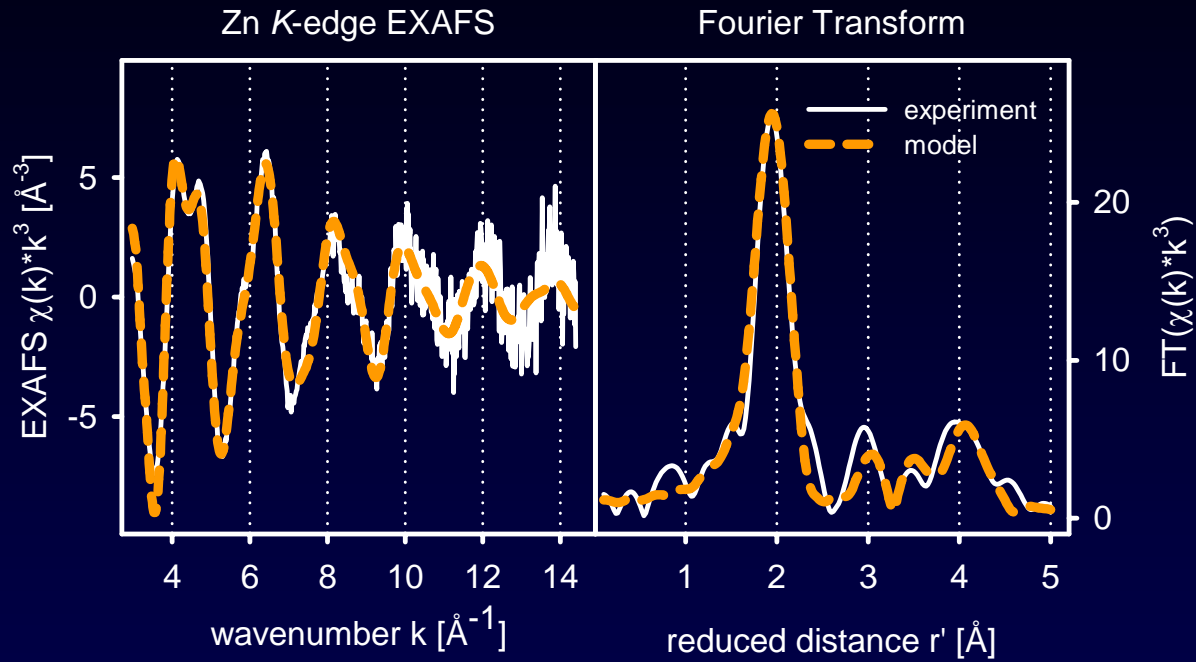
Fe

Fe

Mn

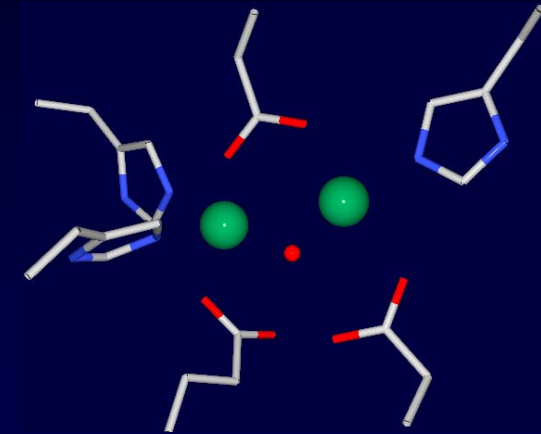
Zn

However, the atypical glutamate does not prevent zinc binding



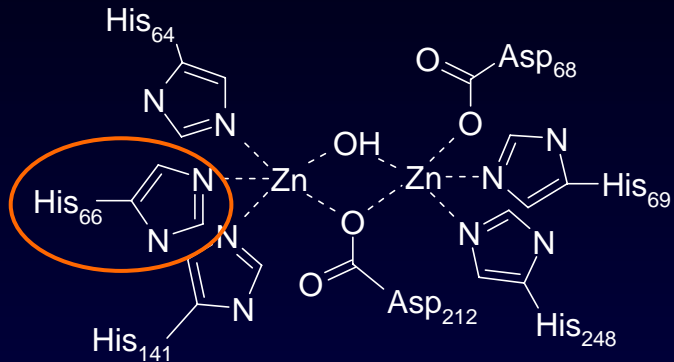
Redox enzymes

Fe



Role of the atypical glutamate

ElaC

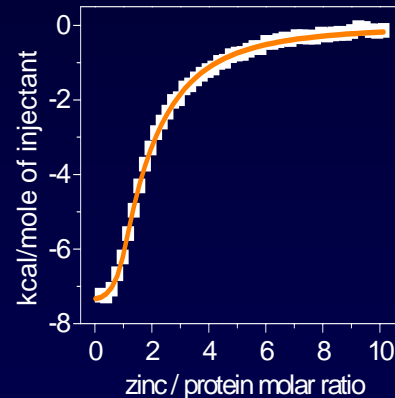
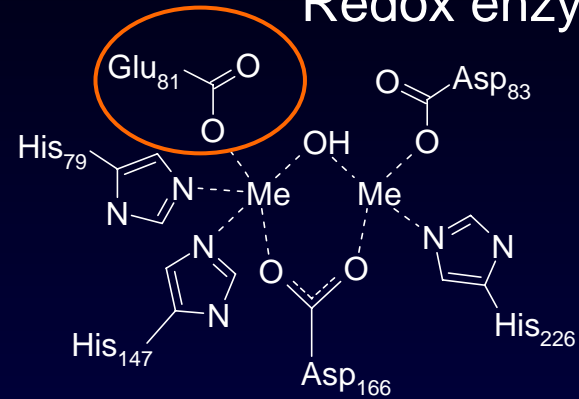


His₆₆ → Glu: catalytically inactive

His₆₆ → Ala: residual activity

further metal ligands → Ala:
residual activity

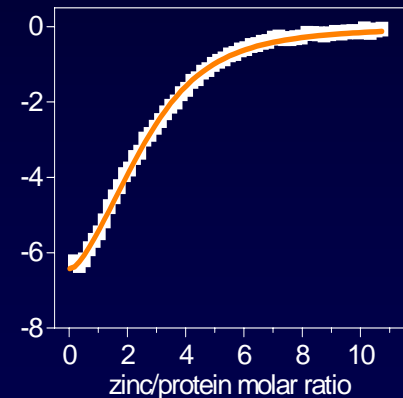
Redox enzyme



wild-type

$$K_D^1 = 1 \mu\text{M}$$

$$K_D^2 = 27 \mu\text{M}$$



Glu₈₁ → His

$$K_D^1 = 30 \mu\text{M}$$

$$K_D^2 = 27 \mu\text{M}$$

Summary

- ✓ Metallo- β -lactamase fold: pool for diverse enzymatic reactions
- ✓ ElaC: zinc dependent phosphodiesterase
- ✓ ElaC and glyoxalase II:
similar metal binding sites
different metal requirements
- ✓ Iron dependent metallo- β -lactamase proteins:
atypical glutamate does not control metal specificity,
prevents side-reactions
- ✓ Not shown: Bacterial *elaC* deletion strain:
functional diversity of ElaC proteins from different organisms
- ✓ Not shown: structural basis for physiological substrate
selectivity of ElaC

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Klaucke

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Stöcker

Glyoxalase II

M. Crowder and C. Makaroff, Miami University, Oxford,
Ohio, USA

Verein der Freunde und Förderer des DESY